Safety Data Sheet

DÜOTEX FR 6.4MM

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier: DÜOTEX FR 6.4MM

Other means of identification: FIN27334, FIN27502, FIN27503, FIN27422, FIN27420, FIN27418.

Recommended use: industrial and commercial acoustic applications

Supplier's details: Emergency phone numbers: 1-800-463-8929

Texel

485 rue des Érables, Or call your local Emergency Health Services Center.

Saint-Elzéar, Qc, G05 2J0 Téléphone : 1-800-463-8929

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification: Not classified

Although the product contains individually GHS-listed ingredients, the product, in its final form, does not represent a health hazard and, therefore, is not classified.

Signal word: None

Hazard statement: None

Precautionary statement: None

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS</u>	Proportion range
Poly(ethylene terephtalate)	25038-59-9	68.9 - 72.1%
Styrene-acrylate polymer	N/A	18.5 %
Phosphinicacid, diethyl-, zinc salt	284685-45-6	≤ 3.9%
Carbon black	1333-86-4	≤ 3.3%
Phosphorous Flame retardant	N/A	≤ 3.3%
Titanium dioxyde	13463-67-7	≤ 1.23%
Lubricant	N/A	≤ 0.78%
Ammonia	7664-41-7	≤ 0.22%
Ammonium hydroxide	1336-21-6	≤ 0.07%
Dye pigment	N/A	≤ 0.05%

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary First-aid measures: These first-aid measures apply after exposure to abrasion dust.

Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Check for contact lenses; carefully remove them if you can.

Skin: Rinse skin with plenty of water and wash exposed areas with soft soap and water.

Inhalation: In case of breathing difficulty following exposure to product, move the victim to fresh air. If the victim ceased breathing, provide artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth techniques if victims face, mouth and airways are contaminated with the substance. Induce artificial respiration with a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical devices.

Ingestion: In case of ingestion, DO NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water.

Most important symptoms/ effects, acute and delayed:

Possible skin and eye irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Get medical attention in case of irritation symptoms.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Preferably use foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not spray water directly on metal fires. Otherwise, use fire fighting methods and materials that are appropriate for surrounding fire.

Specific hazard arising from the chemical

Does not apply to product.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Fire fighters must wear full face NIOSH approved SCBA respiratory protection as well as complete personal protection equipment.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel: Does not apply to product

For emergency personnel: Wear all necessary personal protection equipment and respiratory protection according to size of spill and air concentrations.

Environmental precautions:

Keep product out of sewers and waterways

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Sweep up or shovel. Put what may be reused in one container and what is contaminated in another for disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precaution for safe handling:

Wear all appropriate personal protection gear. Avoid vapour inhalation, and repeated contact with skin. Practice industrial hygiene.

Conditions for safe storage:

Store in a cool dry and well-ventilated area away from ignition sources.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters:

Carbon Black (133-86-4) Ammonium hydroxyde (1336-21-6)

ACGIH: TWA 3.5 mg/m³

OSHA: TWA 3 mg/m³

NIOSH: TWA 25 ppm

NIOSH: TWA 25 ppm

Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)
ACGIH: TWA 10 mg/m³ Ammonia (7664-41-7)

 OSHA:
 TWA 10 mg/m³
 ACGIH:
 TWA 25 ppm

 OSHA:
 TWA 50 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls:

Use with adequate ventilation to meet the limits listed above.

Individual protection measures:

Eyes/Face protection: Safety glasses with side shields, to avoid eye contact.

Skin protection: Work gloves.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection is to be chosen based on air concentration levels.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Solid Color: Grey brown Odour: Not applicable

Melting point/Freezing point: Not available

Boiling point: Not available **Flammability:** Product is flammable

Lower and upper explosion limits: Not available

Flash point: Not available

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available

Decomposition temperature: Not available

pH: Not available

Kinematic viscosity: Not available

Solubility: Not available

Partition in coefficient n-octanol/water: Not available

Vapour pressure: Not available

Density: Not available

Relative vapour density: Not available Particle characteristics: Not available

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Product is not reactive

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: None expected

Conditions to avoid: Keep away from ignition sources

Incompatible materials: Not applicable

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

<u>Name</u>	CAS	<u>LD₅₀</u>	TC _{lo} / LC ₅₀
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Rat (oral) > 8000 mg/kg	NA

Rabbit (skin) > 3000 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 Rat (oral) > 10000 mg/kg NA

Rabbit (skin) > 10000 mg/kg

Ammonia 7664-41-7 NA Rat 2000 ppm – 4H

Skin corrosion/irritation

Titanium dioxide: Mild skin irritation for humans - 3hr

Serious eye damage/irritation: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:No data available

Gem cell mutagenicity

Titanium dioxide: In vitro tests: Effects on the ovaries and lungs in guinea pigs.

Carcinogenicity

Titanium dioxide: Rat: Inhalation and intramuscular: tumours Carbon black: Classified Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic) by IARC

Reproductive toxicity: No data available

STOT- Single exposure: No data available

STOT- repeated exposure: No data available

Aspiration hazard: No data available

Information on likely route of exposure: Inhalation, eyes, skin and ingestion

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity:

Carbon black (1333-86-4) Toxicity to fish LC50 Zebra fish >1000 mg/l - 96hr

Toxicity to daphnea LE_{50} Water flea >56000 mg/l - 24hr Toxicity to algea LE_{50} Zebra fish >1000 mg/l - 96hr

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7) Toxicity to fish LC₅₀ Other >1000 mg/l - 96hr

Toxicity to daphnia LE₅₀ Water flea >1000 mg/l - 48hr

Toxicity to algea LE₅₀ Water flea >1000 mg/l - 48hr

Ammonia (7664-41-7) Toxicity to daphnia LC₅₀ Water flea 25.4 mg/l - 48hr

Persistance and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: No data available

Other adverse effects: No data available

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Offer surplus to an authorised landfill.

Section 14. Transport information

Classification DOT/ IMDG/IATA label: Not regulated

Section 15. Regulatory information



D2B – Toxic material causing other toxic effects.

Classification SGH for raw elements only::



Eye irritation, category 2 Carcinogen, category 2

Signal word: Warning

Section 16. Other information

Date of preparation: July 19th 2018 **Version:** 0

Elaborated by: Toxyscan inc., 1-866-780-0599

Date of standardization:July 23rd 2018Version: 1Date of standardization:August 2nd 2018Version: 2

Elaborated by: Andre Parent, Quality & CI Director, Texel Technical Materials, Inc., 418-387-5910

Notice to reader:

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither Texel, nor Toxyscan inc., nor any of its subsidiaries assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.